Year.	Ore Ship- ments from Canadian Mines. short tons.	Production of Pig Iron.						Production of Steel
		Nova Scotia.		Ontario.		Total.1		Ingots and Castings.
		short tons.	\$	short tons.	\$	short tons.	\$	short tons.
1909 1910	268,043 259,418	354,380 350,287	3,453,800 4,203,444	407,012 447,273	$\begin{array}{c} 6,002,441 \\ 6,956,923 \end{array}$	757,162 800,797	9,581,864 11,245,622	
1911 1912 1913 19 14 19 15	210,344 215,883 307,634 244,854 398,112	390,242 424,994 480,068 227,052 420,275	4,682,904 6,374,910 7,201,020 2,951,676 5,463,575	526,635 589,593 648,899 556,112 493,500	7,606,939 8,176,089 9,338,992 7,051,180 5,910,624	917,535 1,014,587 1,128,967 783,164 913,775	12,307,125 14,550,999 16,540,012 10,002,856 11,374,199	957,681 1,168,993 828,641
1916 1917 1918 1919 1920	275,176 215,302 211,608 197,170 129,072	470,055 472,147 415,870 285,087 332,493	7,050,825 10,387,234 10,451,400 7,141,641 7,687,614	699,202 684,642 747,650 624,993 749,068	9,700,073 13,902,867 21,324,857 17,104,151 22,252,062	1,169,257 1,170,480 1,195,551 917,781 1,090,396	16,750,898 25,025,960 33,495,171 24,577,589 30,319,024	1,745,734 1,873,708 1,030,342
1921 1922 1923 1924 1925	59,509 17,971 30,752 – –	169,504 135,261 310,972 177,078 226,010	4,407,104 3,139,994 5,360,099 3,842,593 4,402,674	495,489 293,662 674,428 415,971 413,247	12,882,714 6,493,513 15,995,496 9,525,736 8,040,015	665,676 428,923 985,400 593,049 639,257	17,307,576 9,633,507 21,355,595 13,368,329 12,442,689	544,020 990,942 728,773
1926 1927 1928 1929 1930		280,266 279,495 339,087 348,097 238,152	6, 165, 852 2 2 2 2 2 2	567,929 515,366 823,168 861,682 598,687	10,495,122 2 2 2 2	848, 195 794, 861 1, 162, 254 1, 209, 779 836, 839	16,660,974 2 2 2 2	869,413 1,016,555 1,382,885 1,543,387 1,130,727
1931 1932 1933 1934 ³	- - -	113,560 34,381 132,736 151,603	2 2 2 2	$356,883 \\ 127,045 \\ 121,859 \\ 304,231$	* 2 2 2	470,443 161,426 254,595 455,834	2 2 2 2	752,762 383,923 459,176 850,158

20.—Iron Ore Shipments and Production of Pig Iron and of Steel Ingots and Castings, calendar years 1909-34.

¹ Including a small production from Quebec in certain years. ² Owing to the fact that much of the pig iron produced in Canada is used by the firms producing it for further manufacture in their own plants, no attempt has been made since 1926 to place a nominal value on such production. ³ Preliminary figures.

Section 5.—Production of Non-Metallic Minerals.

Subsection 1.--Fuels.

Coal.

The fuel situation in Canada is somewhat anomalous as, in spite of the enormous resources of coal in the country, about 50 p.c. of the consumption is imported. The Canadian coal areas are situated in the eastern and western provinces, while Ontario and Quebec are more easily and economically supplied with coal from the nearer coal fields of Pennsylvania and Ohio.* The anomaly of the situation is accentuated if we consider that Canada's present coal consumption is about 35,000,000 tons annually, as against reserves of 1,234,289,000,000 metric tons, sufficient for an unthinkably long period at the present rate of consumption.

The Dominion Fuel Board, with the Deputy Minister of the Department of Mines as chairman, was constituted in 1922 to meet the need for a standing organization definitely responsible for the systematic study of the fuel position of the Dominion.

^{*} See map showing the sources of the coal supply of different parts of Canada, p. 386 of 1922-23 Year Book.